

Jensen's Inequality Let $m(\Omega) = 1$. If $f \in L^1(\mu)$, $a < f(x) < b$ for all $x \in \Omega$, and if φ is convex on (a, b) , then

$$\varphi\left(\int_{\Omega} f d\mu\right) \leq \int_{\Omega} (\varphi \circ f) d\mu$$

Define $t = \int_{\Omega} f d\mu$. $a < f(x) < b \Rightarrow a < t < b$.

Let $\beta = \sup_{s < t} \left(\frac{\varphi(s) - \varphi(t)}{s - t} \right)$. Since φ is convex, for $a < s < t < u < b$, $\frac{\varphi(s) - \varphi(t)}{s - t} \leq \beta \leq \frac{\varphi(u) - \varphi(t)}{u - t}$. Note that β could also be set to the inf of the right side.

For a given x if $f(x) < t$, substitute $s = f(x)$:

$$\frac{\varphi(f(x)) - \varphi(t)}{f(x) - t} \leq \beta \Rightarrow \varphi(f(x)) - \varphi(t) \geq \beta(f(x) - t)$$

Since $f(x) - t < 0$. If $f(x) \geq t$, use $u = f(x)$:

$$\frac{\varphi(f(x)) - \varphi(t)}{f(x) - t} \geq \beta \Rightarrow \varphi(f(x)) - \varphi(t) \geq \beta(f(x) - t)$$

In both cases, we have $\varphi(f(x)) - \varphi(t) - \beta(f(x) - t) \geq 0$. Then, integrate this expression, to obtain the inequality

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{\Omega} \varphi(f(x)) - \varphi(t) - \beta(f(x) - t) d\mu &\geq 0 \\ \int_{\Omega} \varphi(f(x)) d\mu &\geq \int_{\Omega} \varphi(t) d\mu + \int_{\Omega} \beta f(x) d\mu - \int_{\Omega} \beta t d\mu \\ \int_{\Omega} \varphi(f(x)) d\mu &\geq \varphi(t) + \beta \int_{\Omega} f(x) d\mu - \beta t \\ \int_{\Omega} \varphi(f(x)) d\mu &\geq \varphi\left(\int_{\Omega} f(x)\right) \end{aligned}$$